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Section 1: Identification.

Product identifier used on the label and Other means of identification.

Product Name: WS 3050 S 9,21 oz Product Code: 3050S002047

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use.

Limpiador

Specific end use(s).

Reservado a un uso profesional

Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party.

Company: WHALE SPRAY S.L.

Address: Carrer Aiguafreda 24, Nave 1-2, P.I.L'Ametlla Park 08480 -

City: L'Ametlla del Vallés

Province: Barcelona

Telephone: +1 (615) 616-8934 (USA 24 hours emergency number)

E-mail: whalespray@whalespray.com Web: https://whalespray.com/

Emergency phone number: +1 (615) 616-8934

Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification.

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200

In accordance with The Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200):

Flammable aerosol, Category 1: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category ${\bf 1}$: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

Signal word, hazard statement(s), symbol(s) and precautionary statement(s) in accordance with paragraph (f) of §1910.1200.

Symbol(s):







Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard statement(s):

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s):

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

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P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Contains:

isopropanol, isopropyl alcohol, propan-2-ol acetone, propan-2-one, propanone n-heptane, heptane (Mixture of isomers)

Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients.

Substances.

Not Applicable.

Mixtures.

Chemical name and concentration ranges of all ingredients that are classified as health hazards in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 and that are present above their cut-off/concentration limits or ingredients that are below their cutoff/concentration limits and present a health risk:

			(*)Class	ification
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate Classification		specific concentration limit
Index No: 601-008- 00-2 CAS No: 142-82-5 EC No: 205-563-8 REACH No: 01- 2119457603-38-XXXX	n-heptane,heptane (Mixture of isomers)	25 - 100 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
CAS No: 124-38-9 EC No: 204-696-9	[1] carbon dioxide	2.5 - 10 %	-	-
Index No: 603-117- 00-0 CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 REACH No: 01- 2119457558-25-XXXX	[1] isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol	1 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 606-001- 00-8 CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 REACH No: 01- 2119471330-49-XXXX	[1] acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	1 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-

^(*)The complete text of the Hazard statement(s) is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.

^[1] Substance with a workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures.

In case of fire, as a general hazard, heat can cause containers to explode.

The product is Extremely inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

Special hazards arising from the mixture.

Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.
- Explosions.

Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available. Move containers away from the area if there is no danger in doing so. Keep away from containers and continue cooling them from a safe place. Stop the leak if this can be done safely and do not put out fire until the leak has been closed off. If it is not possible to keep the fire under control, leave the area and let it burn.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

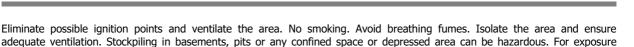
Section 6: Accidental Release Measures.

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures.

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Environmental precautions: Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up.

control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

Use soapsuds to detect small leaks. Stop the leak if this can be done safely. Ensure adequate ventilation to prevent the accumulation of gases or vapours.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant. Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations (see section 13).

Reference to other sections: for exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8, for later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

Section 7: Handling and Storage.

Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Pressurised gases must be handled by suitably trained and experienced individuals. Use equipment suitable for supply pressure and temperature. Protect containers against physical damage and keep valves clean and in perfect condition. Do not tamper with original packaging.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25 ° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. It must not be stored under conditions conducive to corrosion of the container. Protect containers against physical damage and inspect them regularly to ensure they are in good condition.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³	
		United States	Eight hours	5000		
		[1] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30,000		
carban diavida	124-38-9	United States	United States Eight hours 5000			
carbon dioxide	124-30-9	[2] (NIOSH)	Short term	30,000		
	United S	United States	Eight hours	5000	9000	
		[3] (OSHA)	Short term		9000	
		United States	Eight hours	400		
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2 ol	67-63-0	[1] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	500		
	07-03-0	United States	Eight hours	400	_	
		[2] (NIOSH)	Short term	500		

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

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		United States	Eight hours	400	980
		[3] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	500	
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone		[1] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	750 (Ceiling) 3000	
	67-64-1	United States	Eight hours	250	
		[2] (NIOSH)	[2] (NIOSH) Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	1000	2400
		[3] (OSHA)	Short term		

[1] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs). [2] National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. NIOSH Recommendations for occupational safety and health, Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements, January, 1992, DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100. [3] Occupational Safety and Health Administration, United States Department of Labor. Permissible Exposure limits (PELs), California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs). The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
n-heptane,heptane (Mixture of isomers)	DNEL	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	2085
CAS No: 142-82-5	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 205-563-8			
	DNEL	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	500
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	89
	(Consumers)		(mg/m³)
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol	DNEL	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	888
CAS No: 67-63-0	(Workers)		(mg/kg
EC No: 200-661-7			bw/day)
20 1101 200 001 /	DNEL	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	319
	(Consumers)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL	Oral, Chronic, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg
	(Consumers)		bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	1210
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	200
	(Consumers)	T. I. I. I. C. I. I. I. I. C. I.	(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Short term, Local effects	2420
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 67-64-1	DNEL	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	186
EC No: 200-662-2	(Workers)		(mg/kg
	DNE	Daniel Charait Cartania officia	bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg
	(Consumers)	Ovel Chyania Cyatamia affort-	bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Oral, Chronic, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg
	(Consumers)	1	bw/day)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	140,9 (mg/L)
iconrepond iconrepul alcohol propon 2 ol	sediment (freshwater)	552 (mg/kg
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol CAS No: 67-63-0		sediment dw)
EC No: 200-661-7	sediment (marine water)	552 (mg/kg
EC NO. 200-001-7		sediment dw)
	Soil	28 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	STP	2251 (mg/L)

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	oral (Hazard for predators)	160 (mg/kg food)
	agua (freshwater)	10,6 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	1,06 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	21 (mg/L)
acotono propan 2 ono propanono	STP	100 (mg/L)
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone CAS No: 67-64-1	sediment (freshwater)	30,04 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-662-2		sediment dw)
EC 110. 200 002 2	sediment (marine water)	3,04 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	29,5 (mg/kg
		soil dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %					
Uses:	Limpiador					
Breathing protecti						
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.					
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.					
Observations:	Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.					
Filter Type needed:	A2					
Hand protection:						
PPE:	Work gloves.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category I.					
	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible.					
Maintenance:	Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or					
	adhesives.					
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.					
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time (min.): Material thickness (mm): 0,35					
Eye protection:						
PPE:	Face shield.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.					
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.					
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.					
Skin protection:						
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.					
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.					
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.					
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.					

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Characteristics: «CE» marking, category II.

Maintenance: The footwear should be checked regularly

The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending

Observations: on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different

widths.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties.

Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Aerosol Colour: Colorless Odour: Caracteristico

Odour threshold: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

pH: Not applicable (Substance/mixture is a gas).

Melting point/freezing point: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Initial boiling point or boiling range: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Flash point: -3 °C

Evaporation rate: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Lower Explosive Limit: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Upper Explosive Limit: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Vapour pressure: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Vapour density: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Relative density: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Solubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Liposolubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Hydrosolubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Decomposition temperature: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Viscosity: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Other information.

Explosive properties: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Oxidizing properties: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Pour point: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product Blink: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Kinematic viscosity: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity.

Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Extremely flammable aerosol.

At high temperatures can occur pyrolysis and dehydrogenation.

Conditions to avoid.

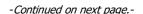
Avoid the following conditions:

- Heating.
- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.
- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Acids.



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- Bases.
- Oxidizing agents.
- Explosives materials.
- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological Information.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Mawa	Acute toxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
	Oral	LD50	Rat	5050 mg/kg bw [1]	
			i Sanitariya. Fo Pg. 8, 1978	or English translation, see HYSAAV.	
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol		LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Dermal	[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 100, 1974			
		LC50	Rat	>10000 ppm (6 h) [1]	
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Inhalation	[1] OECD G	•	cute Inhalation Toxicity), study	
		LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg bw [1]	
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	Oral	[1] Journal Pg. 609, 19		and Environmental Health. Vol. 15,	
	Dermal				
CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	Inhalation				

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Product classified:

Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

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g) reproductive toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Substances present in the composition listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (RoC):

This product does not contain substances listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (RoC).

Substances present in the composition listed in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs:

CAS No.	Agent	*Group	Volume	Year	Additional information
67-63-0	isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan- 2-ol	3	15, Sup 7, 71	1999	

* GROUP

Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

Section 12: Ecological Information.

Ecotoxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity					
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value		
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol	Fish	LC50 Fish 9640 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI:414				
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Crustacean 1400 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118				
		Toxicity threshold	Scenedesmus quadricauda	1800 mg/L (7 d) [1]		
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Aquatic plants	Pollutants t		Thresholds of Water nd Protozoa in the Cell /ater Research Vol. 14. pp.		
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	Fish	Toxicity of	Some Common Indu	8300 mg/l (96 h) [1] 1968. A Comparison of the strial Waste Components ed. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8		
	Aquatic	LC50	Crustacean	8450 mg/l (48 h) [1]		

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		invertebrates	[1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna with Daphnia pulex and Daphnia cucullata in Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018)
			EC50 Algae 7200 mg/l (96 h) [1]
CAS No: 67-64-1	EC No: 200-662-2	Aquatic plants	[1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short- Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)

Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.

No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation				
name	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level	
n-heptane,heptane (Mixture of isomers)	4.66				
CAS No: 142-82-5 EC No: 205-563-8	4,66			High	
carbon dioxide	0,86		_	Very low	
CAS No: 124-38-9 EC No: 204-696-9	0,80	-	-	very low	
isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol	0.05			Van dou	
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	0,05	-	-	Very low	
acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	0.24	3		Vanclow	
CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	-0,24	3	-	Very low	

Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations.

Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Information (RCRAInfo) regarding waste management.

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Section 14: Transport Information.

Transport following the rules of U.S. Department of transportation Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration.

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description: UN1950 Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity), 2.1

UN-No.(DOT): UN1950

Proper Shipping Name (DOT): Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Class (DOT): 2.1 - Flammable gas

Hazard labels (DOT): 2.1 - Flammable gas

Packing group:

Special Provisions (172.102): N82

Packaging authorizations:

a) Exceptions: 306 b) Non-bulk: 304 c) Bulk: None

Quantity Limitations:

a) Passenger, Aircraft, or Railcar: Forbidden

b) Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg

Vessel Stowage Requirements:

a) Vessel Stowage: A b) Other: 25, 87, 126

Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)

UN number.

UN No: UN1950

UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR/RID: UN 1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1

IMDG: UN 1950, AEROSOLS (N-HEPTANE, HEPTANE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)), 2.1, MARINE POLLUTANT

ICAO/IATA: UN 1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1

Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 2

Packing group.

Packing group: Not applicable.

Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: Yes



Dangerous for the environment

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

Special precautions for user.

Labels: 2.1



Hazard number: Not applicable.

ADR LQ: 1 L IMDG LQ: 1 L

ICAO LQ: Not applicable.

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.

Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-D,S-U

Proceed in accordance with point 6.

Section 15: Regulatory Information.

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product.

VVOC content (p/p): 0 % VVOC content: 0 g/l VOC content (p/p): 94.78 % VOC content: 664.325 g/l SVOC content (p/p): 0 % SVOC content: 0 g/l

VVOC: Very volatile organic compounds. VOC: Volatile organic compounds. SVOC: Semi volatile organic compounds.

Information on the TSCA Inventory (Toxic Substances Control Act) USA:

CAS No	Name	State
142-82-5	n-heptane,heptane (Mixture of isomers)	Registered
124-38-9	carbon dioxide	Registered
67-63-0	isopropanol,isopropyl alcohol,propan-2-ol	Registered
67-64-1	acetone,propan-2-one,propanone	Registered

The product is not affected by the procedure established by the Rotterdam Convention, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA).

SARA Title III and it sets requirements for local and state emergency planning around hazardous chemicals, the right of the public to access information on chemical hazards in their community, and the reporting responsibilities for facilities that use, store, and / or release hazardous chemicals.

SARA Title III has four provisions (any facility with responsibilities under one section will likely have additional responsibilities under another section, consult SARA for more information):

- -Emergency Planning (Sections 301-303)
- -Emergency Release Notification (Section 304)
- -Hazardous Chemical Storage Reporting Requirements (Section 311-312)
- -Toxic Chemical Release Inventory (Section 313)

Information related to the product:

Section 302, Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHSs)(40 CFR part 355 Appendix A and Appendix B) and section 304, in the event of an accidental chemical release that exceeds minimal Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Not Applicable.

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action 211. Dequires facilities with bazardous chemicals in quantities above cortain thresholds (consult OSHA for more

Section 311, Requires facilities with hazardous chemicals in quantities above certain thresholds (consult OSHA for more information) to provide copies of the SDSs for those chemicals to the State Emergency Response Commission (SERC), Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) and local fire department.

Section 312, Companies with chemicals in sufficient quantities to trigger obligations under Section 311 must also submit an annual emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form to the State Emergency Response Commission (SERC), Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) and local fire department

Section 313, requires facilities with 10 or more employees that use certain toxic chemicals in quantities above threshold levels to report annually on the use, release and disposal of those chemicals, substances identified in section 3:

Not Applicable.

Visit the EPA's website for the most up-to-date information on EPCRA and other environmental considerations.

Proposition 65 warnings

Information related to The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, (better known by its original name of Proposition 65):

There are no substances in section 3 present in the list of chemicals that can cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm (Proposition 65 List).

Section 16: Other Information.

Complete text of the hazard statement(s) that appear in section 3:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Aerosol 1: Flammable aerosol, Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2A : Eye irritation, Category 2A Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to The Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200):

Physical hazards On basis of test data
Health hazards Calculation method
Environmental hazards Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

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Risk classification system NFPA 704:



Health hazard: 2 (Hazardous)

Flammability: 4 (Below 73°F)

Reactivity: 1 (Unstable if heated)

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR/RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
PPE: Personal protection equipment.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

The Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200)

United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

https://www.osha.gov https://www.epa.gov/ http://echa.europa.eu/

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with The Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200) and United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). Employers must ensure that the SDSs are readily accessible to employees for all hazardous chemicals in their workplace.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.